

# The New Zealand Cerebral Palsy Registry

# **Report for Wellington Region** September 2021



Prof Sue Stott, Dr Anna Mackey and Alexandra Sorhage New Zealand Cerebral Palsy Registry Starship Child Health September 2021 nzcpregister@adhb.govt.nz

## **Executive Summary**

1

- There are 129 participants of all ages on the NZCPR from the wider Wellington region (CCDHB, HVDHB, Wairarapa DHB)
- This data report details outcomes for the 0–21year old population
- 69% (n= 89) are  $\leq$  21 years, with a median age of 11 years
- 56% identify as NZ European; 20% as Māori
- 7 individuals (8%) are known to be under ACC coverage for CP

#### **Birth history**

- 57% born at term; 26% born very preterm (< 31 weeks)
- 58% born >2500g; 22% born < 1500g (very low birth weight)

#### Clinical

- 92% have a pre / perinatal cause for cerebral palsy
- 46% were given a CP diagnosis in the first 12 months of life
- CP motor type is Spastic Diplegia (31%); Hemiplegia (30%) and Quadriplegia (27%)
- 58% have independent mobility and function (GMFCS Level I and II)
- 29% have greater functional dependence (GMFCS IV and V)
- 65% have moderate to high level hand function (MACS Level I and II)

#### Comorbidities

- 26 individuals have or have had epilepsy (38%)
- 24 individuals have a Visual impairment
- 5 individuals have a Hearing impairment
- 18 individuals have a Speech impairment

#### How does this Wellington region data compare to other CP population datasets?

- We can use the <u>Australian Cerebral Palsy Registry</u> report for comparison:
  - Australian CP Registry data shows: 43% were born preterm (< 37 weeks); 50% of children receive a CP diagnosis in first 12 months; 40% have Spastic Hemiplegia/ Monoplegia, followed by Diplegia (36%) & Quadriplegia (24%); 62% function at GMFCS I and II; 12% GMFCS III and 26% GMFCS IV and V; 71% no epilepsy; 66% no visual impairment; 89% no hearing impairment; 63% no speech impairment.</li>
- This information shows that the Wellington Region dataset is comparable for key measures to an international population CP Registry dataset.



## **Table of Contents**

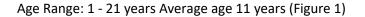
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
DEMOGRAPHICS	3
Ethnicity Distribution	3
BIRTH INFORMATION	4
Gestational Age	4
Birth weight	4
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) / Special Care Baby Unit (SCBU)	5
CLINICAL FINDINGS FOR WELLINGTON REGION COHORT (0-21 YEARS)	6
Timing of CP Cause	6
Time (Age) of First CP Description	6
Time of First CP Description varied by GMFCS	7
СР Туре	7
Gross Motor Functional Classification System (GMFCS)	8
Manual Ability Classification (MACS)	9
Co Morbidities Epilepsy Visual Impairment Hearing Impairment Speech impairment Note on Co morbidity Data Quality:	<b>10</b> 10 10 10 10
Additional information	11
Adult Population Summary for Wellington Region	11
Mortality	11
References and Links	12
Glossary	12
NZCPR MAIN DATASET FIELDS	13

## **Demographics**

3

Total participants (0-21 years): 89

Gender: Male 67% (n=60); Female 33% (n=29)



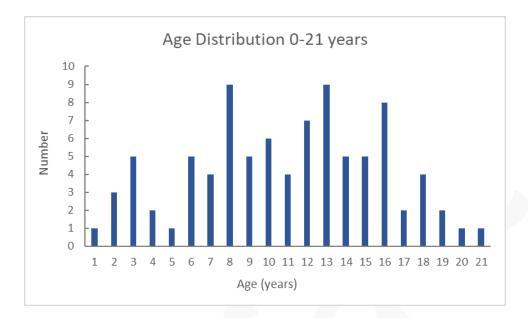


Figure 1: Age distribution for Wellington Region cohort on the NZCPR

Table I: Wellington Region Ethnicity Distribution on NZCPR (Count and %)					
	CCDHB	HVDHB	WRDHB	Тс	otal
Ethnicity	Count	Count	Count	Count	%
NZ Euro	41	6	3	50	56%
NZ Māori	9	8	1	18	20%
Other	3	2	1	6	7%
Indian	3	1	1	5	6%
Chinese	2	1	0	3	3%
MELAA	1	1	0	2	2%
Other Euro	1	0	1	2	2%
Samoan	1	1	0	2	2%
Cook Isld	1	0	0	1	1%
Total	62	20	7	89	100%

## **Ethnicity Distribution**

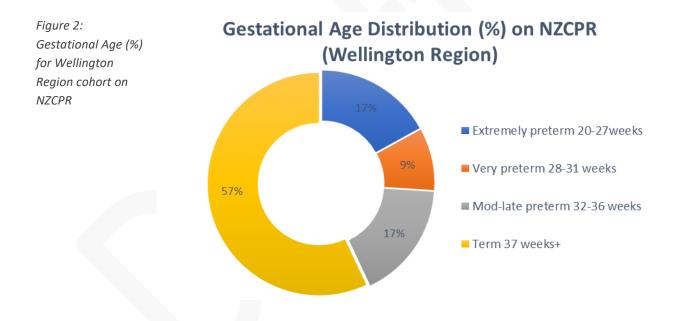
MELAA = Middle Eastern Latin America African

## **Birth Information**

## **Gestational Age**

Table II: Gestational Age of Wellington Region cohort on NZCPR

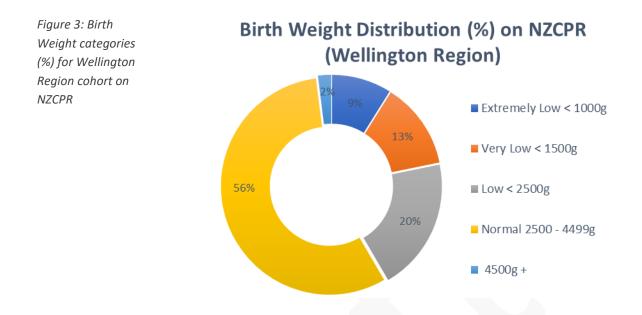
Gestational Age	Count	(%)
Extremely preterm 20-27weeks	13	17
Very preterm 28-31 weeks	7	9
Mod-late preterm 32-36 weeks	13	17
Term 37 weeks+	43	57
Grand Total	76	100



## **Birth weight**

Table III: Birth Weight (g) distribution for Wellington Region cohort on NZCPR

Birth Weight	Count	(%)
Extremely Low <1000g	4	9
Very Low < 1500g	6	13
Low < 2500g	9	20
Normal 2500 - 4499g	26	56
4500g +	1	2
Grand Total	46	100



## Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) / Special Care Baby Unit (SCBU)

- 43% (n=38) spent time in NICU and / or SCBU unit following birth
- Remaining 57% (n=51) either did not spend time in NICU / SCBU unit /or it is unknown from the medical records (i.e., not documented or unable to see birth records).

### For the NICU/ SCBU sub cohort (n=38):

- 61% were **born preterm** (< 37 weeks)
- 51% had < 2500g birth weight (24% Low; 16% Very Low and 11% Extremely Low BW)
- 39% received a CP diagnosis by 12 months (compared to 24% of non NICU/SCBU cohort)
- Spastic diplegia was the most common **CP type distribution** (37%).
- 66% have a GMFCS I-II distribution (compared to 53% of the non NICU/SCBU cohort)

## **Clinical findings for Wellington Region cohort (0-21 years)**

## **Timing of CP Cause**

Timing Of CP Cause	Count	(%)
Pre/Peri-natal	77	92
Post Neonatal	4	5
Uncertain Time of Cause	3	3
Total	84	100
(Note: Excluding Missing Data n=5)		

Table IV: Timing of Cause of Cerebral Palsy for Wellington Region cohort

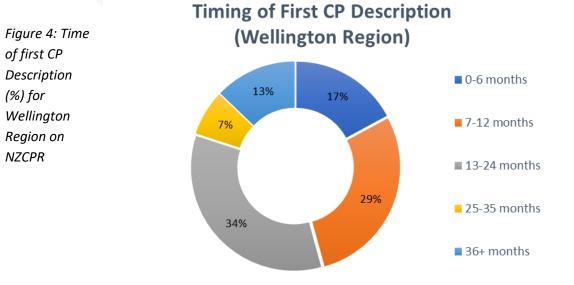
• 7 individuals (8%) are known to be under ACC for the cause of their CP.

## Time (Age) of First CP Description

Average age of first CP description was: 19.5 months of age (Range: 1 year to 12 years old)

Time (Age) of first CP Description	Count	(%)
0-6 months	12	17
7-12 months	20	29
13-24 months	24	34
25-35 months	5	7
36+ months	9	13
Grand Total	70	100

Table V: Timing of first Cerebral Palsy Descr	iption
---	--------



## Time of First CP Description varied by GMFCS

- 40% of GMFCS I and II and 44% GMFCS III children had a CP diagnosis by 12 months
- 58% of GMFCS IV and V had a CP diagnosis by 12 months of age

## **CP** Type

Table VI: CP topographical description for Wellington Region cohort on NZCPR

СР Туре	Count	(%)
Spastic - Mono/ Hemiplegia	27	30
Spastic - Quadriplegia	24	27
Spastic - Diplegia	28	31
Dyskinetic	8	9
Ataxic	1	1
Unknown	1	1
Total	88	100

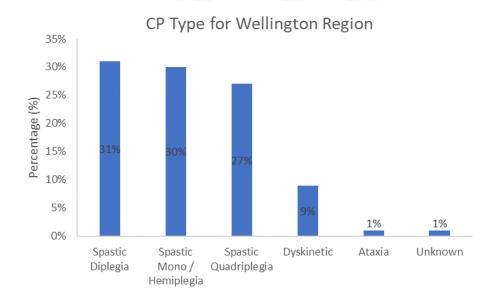
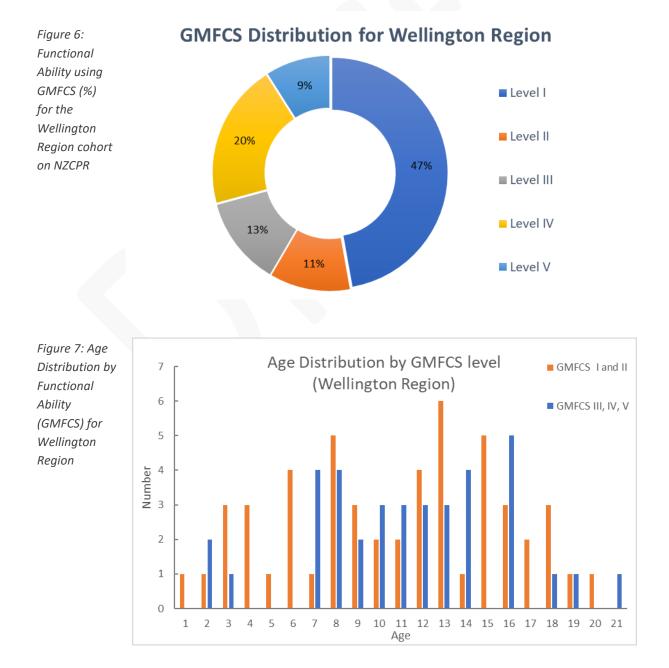


Figure 5: Topographical classification of CP for Wellington Region cohort

## **Gross Motor Functional Classification System (GMFCS)**

GMFCS	Count	(%)
Level I	42	47
Level II	10	11
Level III	11	12
Level IV	18	20
Level V	8	5
Grand Total	89	100

Table VII: Functional Ability Classification (GMFCS) for Wellington Region cohort on NZCPR



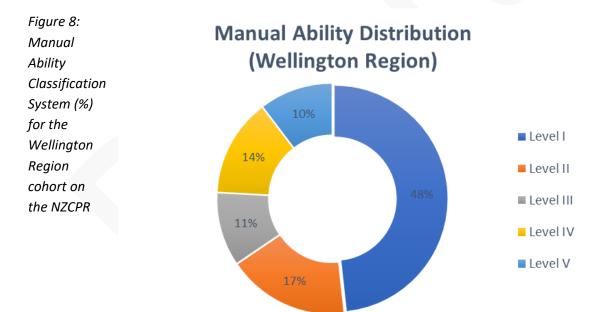
**New Zealand Cerebral Palsy Registry** 

## **Manual Ability Classification (MACS)**

Note: Data found for only 29/89 individuals (33%)

#### Table VIII: Upper Limb Ability using MACS for Wellington Region

MACS	Count	(%)
Level I	14	48
Level II	5	17
Level III	3	10
Level IV	4	14
Level V	3	10
Total	29	100



## **Co Morbidities**

### Epilepsy

- 26 individuals have or have had epilepsy, approximately 38 % of the cohort.
- Note: Epilepsy status was unknown for 21 individuals.

#### **Visual Impairment**

- 24 individuals have some form of visual impairment, with n = 3 of those documented as 'functionally blind'.
- Note: Visual ability was unknown for n = 35 individuals

#### **Hearing Impairment**

- 5 individuals have a hearing impairment, with n = 2 having bilateral deafness.
- Note: Hearing ability was unknown for n = 43 individuals

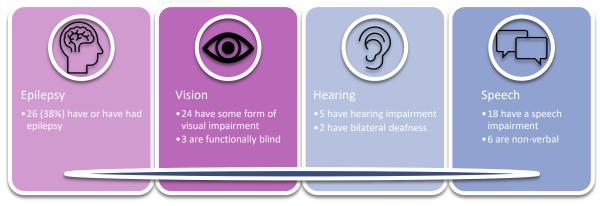
#### **Speech impairment**

- 18 individuals have some form of speech impairment, with n = 6 of those 'non-verbal'.
- Note: Speech ability was unknown for n = 47 individuals

#### Note on Co morbidity Data Quality:

- Co morbidity classification codes on the NZCPR are historically quite broad and difficult to determine from medical records.
- The NZCPR is now also collecting standardized international measures to assist with obtaining more accurate information, these include:
  - Communication Functional Classification System (CFCS)
  - Eating and Drinking Ability Classification System (EDACS)
  - Visual Function Classification System (VFCS)
- More information on these tools is available at: https://www.starship.org.nz/guidelines/classification-systems-for-cerebral-palsy/

## Co Morbidities Summary for Wellington Region



• For nearly half of individuals the presence of co morbidities is not well documented

### **Additional information**

- These datasets shown have been chosen for clinical relevance, data quality and high numbers in the dataset.
- The main NZ Cerebral Palsy Registry datasets are on the final page, if there are further data you are interested in, please let us know.
- Data quality and completion is dependent on what is available within the medical records.
- The NZCPR has capability to obtain the <u>NZ Social Deprivation Index data</u> and / or <u>Prioritized Ethnicity</u> data from the Ministry of Health for this cohort

#### How many children with CP would we expect to see in the Wellington Region?

- Estimates of prevalence are still challenging, as a Registry we are working to better monitor where people are born, to help determine prevalence based on the yearly live birth rate and neonatal survivor rate for a particular region.
- CCDHB, HVDHB, Wairarapa DHB serves a total population of 320,640. (CCDHB), 156,790. (HVDHB), 48,480. (Wairarapa DHB) in 2020/2021. Approx. Total: 320,845. See Capital & Coast DHB | Ministry of Health NZ
- Approximately 24 % of the total population is reported as between **0-19 years** (approx. 80,000. individuals).
- Therefore, a gross estimate based on a range of CP prevalence<sup>1</sup> of between 1 -2/1000 would have a predicted range of children (0-19 years) with CP for Wellington Region of 80-160.

## **Adult Population Summary for Wellington Region**

- There are 40 individuals 22 years and over, age range (22 -79 years)
- 40% Male; 60% Female
- Ethnicity distribution: 58% NZ European; 18% Māori; 10% Samoan; 8% Other; 5% MELAA; 3% Indian
- GMFCS data available for n=18: Categories: GMFCS III n = 3 (17%); GMFCS IV n = 4 (22%); GMFCS V n = 11 (61%)

#### Mortality

There are 8 recorded deaths within the Wellington Region cohort, n = 2 were less than 21 years of age and the remaining n = 6 over 21 years. Currently these numbers are included in the above analysis.

## **References and Links**

- Galea C, Mcintyre S, Smithers-Sheedy H, Reid SM, Gibson C, Delacy M, Watson L, Goldsmith S, Badawi N, Blair E; Australian Cerebral Palsy Register Group. Cerebral palsy trends in Australia (1995-2009): a population-based observational study. Dev Med Child Neurol. 2019 Feb;61(2):186-193. doi: 10.1111/dmcn.14011. Epub 2018 Sep 6. PMID: 30187914
- <u>Report-of-the-Australian-Cerebral-Palsy-Register-Birth-Years-1995-2012.pdf</u> (cpregister.com)
- <u>Capital & Coast DHB | Ministry of Health NZ</u>
- <u>https://www.starship.org.nz/guidelines/classification-systems-for-cerebral-palsy/</u>
- <u>https://www.starship.org.nz/health-professionals/cerebral-palsy-research/</u>

## Glossary

СР	Cerebral Palsy
CCDHB	Capital Coast District Health Board
GMFCS	Gross Motor Functional Classification System
HVDHB	Hutt Valley District Health Board
MACS	Manual Ability Classification System
MELAA	Middle Eastern Latin America African
NICU	Neonatal Intensive Care Unit
NZCPR	New Zealand Cerebral Palsy Register
SCBU	Special Care Baby Unit
WRDHB	Wairarapa District Health Board

## NZCPR Main Dataset Fields

Demographic	CaseID
	NHI
	Gender
	CP Ethnicity Code
	Age
	Birth Date
	DHB
	Region
Birth	NICU / SCBU
	NICU Length Of Stay
	Gestational Age
	Birth Weight Grams
	Birth Plurality Code
	Birth Order Code
	Birth Complications Code
	Birth Defect Code
Clinical	Time of 1st_CP Diagnosis
	Specialist Service Make Diagnosis
	СР Туре
	Timing Of Cause
	Prenatal Cause Code
	Post Neonatal Cause Code
	GMFCS Initial
	GMFCS Age5
	MACS
	EDACS
	CFCS
Comorbidities	Epilepsy
	Intellectual Impairment Code
	Visual Impairment Code
	Strabismus Code
	Hearing Impairment Code
	Speech Impairment Code
Surveillance	Cranial MRI
	Time 1st Hip Xray
Admin	Record Status Code
	Created On
	ACC
	Is Silent
	Still Alive Code
	Comments