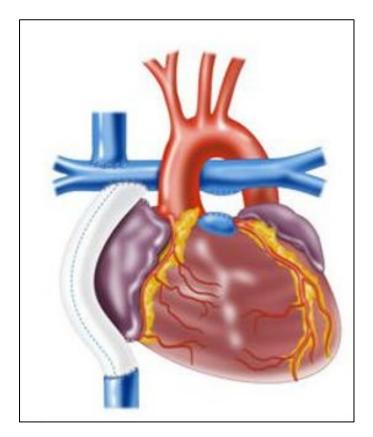




Fontan

Clinical Pathway

(Expected post-operative length of stay 12 days)



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	Pathway Instructions
Pathway	 Keep the pathway in the front of the clinical notes at all times. Handover the pathway between shifts to ensure everyone is following it Discuss the pathway at ward rounds Complete the pathway each day and place a V or x or N/A in the □ to confirm if a clinical care goal has been achieved If the PICU post-operative course has been longer than expected, continue to refer to the pathway as a guide for post-op care on transfer back to ward 23b.
	• Ensure routine nursing cares such as the admission checklist, wound care, hygiene (including bowel care), mobilisation and pressure injury care are maintained.



Action:	Date:	Location:	AM	/PM	/Ne	
re-operative	Interpreter organised if require	d (arrange pre-				Pre-Op Surgical Planner for PCCS - Pre-admission notes
Management:	admission if able).					
	 Medications reviewed and with 	-				
	'Cardiac Surgery –admission pro	-				
	Check the consent form has been in the second	-				
	inform CCN/coordinator if this	has not been				
	completed by 5pm.	dalina				
	 NBM as per Starship fasting gui Admitting doctor has complete 					
	 Admitting doctor has complete Surgical Checklist'. 					
	 Complete pre-operative paperv 	vork				
	 Complete the 'Ward 23b Admis 			П		
	Checklist' (including the anti-sta	•				
linical	• Does patient have any of the fo					
lanagement:	• Temp > 37.5 [°] C					
	• Signs of chest infection					
	Infected skin lesions					
	 Vomiting /diarrhoea for the 	last 24 hours				
	Infectious contact. i.e. chick	en pox, measles				
	Has had a viral illness in the	•				
Comments:	 If yes to any of the above conta Surgery Deferred? Yes / No (contact) 	•	regist	rar to	o rev	iew the patient

Te Whatu Ora Health New Zealand Te Toka Tumai Auckland	P	atient Label	
Post-operative PICU Cares – Fontan <mark>Day 0 PICU until day of transfer to ward</mark>	Date:	Low dose heparin once haemostasis secured, <i>i.e.</i> drain output <1ml/kg/hr, unless specified by surgeon for early heparin infusion.	0-2
PICU Day 0 Post-op until transfer to ward 23b: On return to PICU post-operatively follow standard care. In addition <u>consider</u> the following goals (achieved V	-	Commence BD enalapril if MAP acceptable. Commence aspirin Post-op Day 1. Six hourly paracetamol and 8 hourly ibuprofen (+morphine infusion as prescribed).	2+ 1 0+
transfer to the ward occurs: Diagnostic Tests	Goal: Post- Op Day AM/PM/Ne	Fluid restrict to 50% of standard rate (<i>if PICU</i> course exceeds day 1 post-op titrate up as directed – see transfer to ward page for guidance).	0
Routine bloods. ECG. CXR (on return from OT and post pleural drain removal, or if clinically indicated).	0+ 1 0+	 Low fat diet - in Trendcare select: Main diet: 'Child <u>x</u> years', Modification: 'Low fat'. PICU (day of surgery): if the child is unstable ensure that the involved early. If draining >20mls/kg/24hrs (or >300mls in 24hours) child 	-
Airway Wean from ventilation and extubate. Aim EXACT 2. Continue O_2 at 0.5LPM until all drains are removed.	0 0+	fluid balance and electrolytes. Comments:	
Drains Remove mediastinal drains. Split pleural drains Remove pleural drains as instructed by the surgical team.	1 1 1+		
Medications - Avoid if possible concurrent prescriptions anticoagulants at a timeInotropes as per the PICU medical team – consider commencing milrinone post extubation if: BP stable, off all vasodilators and not requiring any dopamine or noradrenaline.			
Cephazolin – 2 doses post-op Diuretics: frusemide IV 8 hourly and potassium sparing diuretic once daily.	0+ 1+		



Patient Label

Transfer to Ward 23b (Goal Post-op day 1) Date:		Nutrition		
		Low fat diet - in Trendcare select:		
On the day of transfer to ward 23b ensure the following :	√/x	Main diet: 'Child x_years', Modification: 'Low fat'.		
	AM/PM/Ne	Other		
Diagnostic Tests/Education		PICU Nursing Discharge (CR9200) completed.		
FBC, coags, and U&Es.		Notes:		
ECG prior to ward round.		• If the serum albumin is less than 25 g/L consider methods to increase dietar	y protein	
Chest x-ray if clinically required.		intake.		
Invasive Lines/Equipment		 Avoid IV albumin as it increases pleural drainage. Aim to continue TDS diuretics until post drain removal. 		
Remove: Arterial line	 Avoid adjusting diuretics based on a high urea, encourage oral fluids (up to 			
Urinary catheter.		restriction).		
Leave CVL and x1 peripheral IV access for ward 23b.		• If creatinine is greater than 50umol/L, initially encourage oral fluids (up to t	ne 80% flu	Jid
Airway		restriction), then consider adjusting the frequency of diuretics to BD.		
Continue O ₂ at a minimum of 0.5LPM until ALL drains are		 If blood sodium is low, reduce diuretics but DO NOT STOP. Increase the salt 	intake in	the
removed*.		child's diet.		n i d n
*Oxygen <u>should be</u> removed when the child is being bathed, playing or		If chest drainage is prolonged beyond 10 days, consider bumetanide instead of fru Comments:		ilue.
mobilising unless clinically contraindicated.		comments.		
Medications - Avoid concurrent prescriptions of more than 2 anticoag	ulants at one			
time if possible				
Continue milrinone (if applicable).				
Diuretics: frusemide IV 8 hourly and potassium sparing diuretic				
once daily (see notes opposite).				
Continue low dose heparin whilst CVL in situ.				
Aspirin once daily 3-5mg/kg.				
Continue 6 hourly paracetamol and 8 hourly ibuprofen.				
Continue PRN IV/oral morphine.				
Chest Drains				
Remove pleural drains if losses are less than 4mls/kg/drain/day				
for 2 consecutive days, no bubbling and as instructed by the				
surgical team.				
If drains remain in on transfer to ward 23b: suction is continued on 1kPa for				
any remaining Redax drains; ensure drain is well secured to the patient Fluids				
Fluid allowance = 80% total (IV and oral).				
Limit plain water intake to 200mls/day.				
Daily Weight.				



Patient Label

Goals Post-op Day 2 – Ward 23b

Date: _____

Goals Post-op Day 2 – Ward 23b

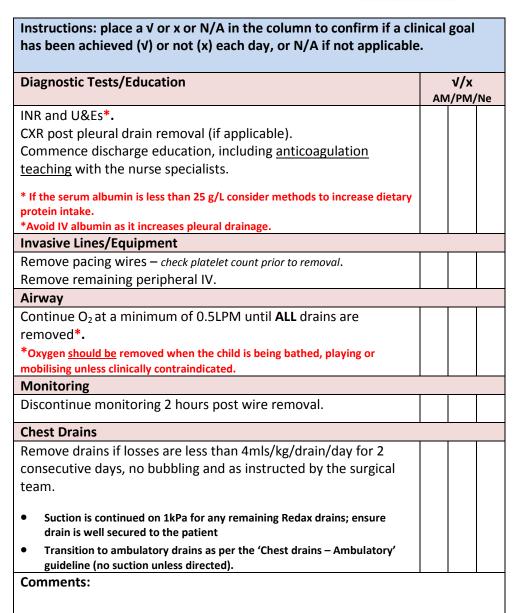
Instructions: place a $\sqrt{10}$ or x or N/A in the column to confirm if a clir	-	Medications - Avoid concurrent prescriptions of more than 2 anticoagulants	√/x AM/PM/Ne
has been achieved (v) or not (x) each day, or N/A if not applicable.	•	at one time if possible Wean off milrinone.	Alvi/Pivi/ive
Diagnostic Tests/Education AM		Diuretics: frusemide IV 8 hourly and potassium sparing diuretic once daily (see back page for further advice).	
U&Es* and coags. Repeat FBC if platelets <100 E+9/L (pre POD3 pacing wire removal check) CXR post pleural drain removal (if drains meet criteria). ECG. Fontan poster and Parent/Whānau Information leaflet provided. * If the serum albumin is less than 25 g/L consider methods to increase dietary		 Commence enalapril BD (see back page for dosing advice). If on sildenafil <u>consider</u> starting an ACE before discharge and continue the sildenafil until all other pathway medications/restrictions are weaned – d/w cardiologist. Stop low dose heparin 2hours prior to CVL removal. Continue aspirin once daily. Continue 6 hourly paracetamol and 8 hourly ibuprofen. PRN IV/oral morphine. 	
protein intake. *Avoid IV albumin as it increases pleural drainage.		Fluids	
Invasive Lines/Equipment		Fluid allowance = 80% total (IV and oral). Limit plain water intake to 200mls/day.	
Remove CVL 2 hours after stopping low dose heparin infusion.		Daily weight.	
x1 Peripheral IV in situ. Airway		Nutrition	
Continue O ₂ at a minimum of 0.5LPM until ALL drains are removed* *Oxygen <u>should be</u> removed when the child is being bathed, playing or mobilising unless clinically contraindicated.		Low fat diet - in Trendcare select: Main diet: 'Child <u>x</u> years' , Modification: 'Low fat' NB: Encourage protein intake and avoid extreme low fat diet option. NB: If suspicious of a chyle leak discuss on-going dietary requirements with the surgeon/cardiologist and liaise with the dietitian.	
Monitoring		Wounds	
Continue monitoring.		Wound review with the surgical team.	
Chest Drains		Mobilisation/Handling	
Remove drains if losses are less than 4mls/kg/drain/day for 2 consecutive days, no bubbling and as instructed by the surgical team.		Up to a chair for all meals. Out of bed and encourage normal developmental play. Daily wash with assistance provided to parents for all cares as needed. Comments:	
 Suction is continued on 1kPa for any remaining Redax drains; ensure drain is well secured to the patient 			
 Transition to ambulatory drains as per the 'Chest drains – Ambulatory' guideline (no suction unless directed). 			



Patient Label

Goals Post-op Day 3 – Ward 23b

Date:



Goals Post-op Day 3 – Ward 23b

Medications - Avoid concurrent prescriptions of more than 2			
anticoagulants at one time if possible	AM/	'PM/	Ne
Change to oral frusemide 8 hourly. Continue potassium sparing			
diuretic once daily (see back page for further advice).			
Continue enalapril BD (see back page for dosing advice). If on sildenafil consider			
starting an ACE before discharge and continue the sildenafil until all other pathway medications/restrictions are weaned – d/w cardiologist.			
Continue aspirin once daily.			
Commence warfarin [only if pacing wires removed] (aim INR 2.0-2.5)			
(see back page for further advice for procedural care).			
Continue 6 hourly paracetamol and 8 hourly ibuprofen.			
PRN oral morphine.			
Fluids			
Fluid allowance = 80% total (IV and oral).			
Limit plain water intake to 200mls/day.			
Daily weight			
Nutrition			
Low fat diet - in Trendcare select:			
Main diet: 'Child \underline{x} years', Modification: 'Low fat'			
NB: Encourage protein intake and avoid extreme low fat diet option. NB: If suspicious of a chyle leak discuss on-going dietary requirements with the surgeon/cardiologist and liaise with the dietitian.			
Wounds			
Review all wounds.			
Mobilisation/Handling			
Up to a chair for all meals.			
Out of bed and encourage normal developmental play.			
Daily wash with assistance provided to parents for all cares as needed.			
Comments:			



Goals Post-op Day 4 until drain removal – Ward 23b

Date:_____

Diagnostic Tests/Education	√/x AM/PM/Ne
Daily INR and U+Es (including weekly albumin) *.	Alvi/Pivi/Ne
CXR post pleural drain removal (if applicable).	
ECHO prior to discharge.	
Continue discharge education, including anticoagulation	
eaching.	
If the serum albumin is less than 25 g/L consider methods to increase dietary protein intake.	
Avoid IV albumin as it increases pleural drainage.	
nvasive Lines/Equipment	
n/a	
Airway	
Continue O ₂ at a minimum of 0.5LPM until ALL drains are	
emoved*.	
^c Oxygen <u>should be</u> removed when the child is being bathed, playing or	
nobilising unless clinically contraindicated.	
Monitoring	
n/a	
Chest Drains	
Remove drains if losses are less than 4mls/kg/drain/day for 2	
consecutive days, no bubbling and as instructed by the surgical	
eam.	
• Suction is continued on 1kPa for any remaining Redax drains; ensure	
drain is well secured to the patient	
Date pleural drains removed: LR	

Goals Post-op Days 4 until drain removal – Ward 23b

	√/x			
Medications - Avoid concurrent prescriptions of more than 2				
anticoagulants at one time if possible	AM/PM/Ne			
Continue oral frusemide 8 hourly. Continue potassium sparing				
diuretic once daily (see back page for further advice).				
Continue enalapril BD (see back page for dosing advice). If on sildenafil consider				
starting an ACE before discharge and continue the sildenafil until all other pathway				
medications/restrictions are weaned $-d/w$ cardiologist.				
Continue aspirin once daily (stop aspirin when INR >1.8).				
Continue warfarin [if pacing wires removed] (aim INR 2.0-2.5)				
(see back page for further advice for procedural care).				
Continue 6 hourly paracetamol. PRN ibuprofen (stop after 7 days of treatment).				
PRN oral morphine.				
Fluids				
Fluid allowance = 80% total (IV and oral) until ALL chest drains are				
removed.				
Limit plain water intake to 200mls/day				
Daily weight.				
Nutrition				
Low fat diet - in Trendcare select:				
Main diet: 'Child \underline{x} years', Modification: 'Low fat'				
NB: Encourage protein intake and avoid extreme low fat diet option.				
NB: If suspicious of a chyle leak discuss on-going dietary requirements with the				
surgeon/cardiologist and liaise with the dietitian.				
Wounds				
Review all wounds daily.				
Wound review with surgical team prior to discharge.				
Chest drain sutures removed by post-op day 7-10.				
Mobilisation/Handling				
Support as much normal developmental play as possible.				
Support family to care for the child independently.				
Comments:	· ·			



Goals Post drain removal until discharge – Ward 23b

Date:_____

Daily INR and weekly albumin check [*] . Recheck CXR 48hours post drain removal and as clinically ndicated. ECHO prior to discharge. Continue discharge education, including <u>anticoagulation</u> reaching.
⁶ If the serum albumin is less than 25 g/L consider methods to increase dietary protein intake. ⁶ Avoid IV albumin as it increases pleural drainage.
Airway
Discontinue O _{2.}
Medications - Avoid concurrent prescriptions of more than 2 anticoagulants at one time if possible
B days post drain removal -Transition to BD oral frusemide. Continue potassium sparing diuretic once daily (see back page for urther advice). Continue enalapril BD (see back page for dosing advice). If on sildenafil consider starting an ACE before discharge and continue the sildenafil until all other pathway medications/restrictions are weaned – d/w cardiologist. Continue aspirin once daily (until INR >1.8). Continue warfarin (aim INR 2.0-2.5 during first 3 week post-op period and then 2.0-3.0 long-term) (see back page for further advice for procedural care). Continue 6 hourly paracetamol. PRN ibuprofen (stop after 7 days of treatment). Stop morphine.

Goals Post drain removal until discharge – Ward 23b

Fluids		
No fluid restriction.		
Limit plain water intake to 400mls/day.		
Daily weight.		
Nutrition		
Low fat diet - in Trendcare select:		
Main diet: 'Child <u>x</u> years', Modification: 'Low fat'		
Wounds		
Review all wounds daily.		
Wound review with surgical team prior to discharge.		
Chest drain sutures removed by post-op day 7-10.		
Mobilisation/Handling		
Support as much normal developmental play as possible.		
Support family to care for the child independently.		
Comments:		



Day of Discharge Ward 23b cares Date: _____

Instructions: place a V or x or N/A in the column to confirm if a clinical goal has been achieved (V) or not (x) each day, or N/A if not applicable.				
Discharge criteria	√/x AM/PM/Ne			
 Compliant with low fat diet. Understands the need to continue low fat diet for: 2 weeks post drain removal or 4 weeks for patients who had chylous drainage. 				
No fluid restriction but understands the need to limit free water to 400mls at home for 2 weeks post discharge.				
 Ward 23b discharge check list completed. Review medication prior to discharge: Regular paracetamol on discharge Continue BD frusemide until first 1 month follow-up appointment Continue OD spironolactone Continue Enalapril BD until first 1 month follow-up appointment If on sildenafil, continue until seen by cardiologist at first 1 month follow-up appointment Continue warfarin (aim INR 2.0-3.0). 				
If the sternal wound has interrupted/continuous sutures, removal of sutures is arranged by the surgical team at 14 days. Ensure dietary plan documented in the discharge summary.				
Post-op ECHO completed. Comments:				
comments.				

Post Discharge Management

Discharge Referrals	√/x AM/PM/Ne
Home care nursing referral. Neurodevelopment referral (see 'neurodevelopment follow up of cardiac patients' guideline). Routine check by GP within the first week of discharge.	
On-going follow-up	
Refer to the 'Follow up after Cardiac Surgery' guideline	
Consider early discharge follow-up in discussion with the cardiologist* (circle the outcome below)	
*e.g. to exclude pulmonary effusions	
Follow-up with (circle): Cardiologist OR Paediatrician	
In (circle): Early Follow-up (<4 weeks) OR Routine follow-up (approx. 4 weeks)	
Comments:	· · · · ·



Further Advice for Medication Management of the

Post-operative Fontan Child

Management of diuretics:

Aim to continue TDS diuretics until post drain removal.

Avoid adjusting diuretics based on a high urea, encourage oral fluids (up to the 80% fluid restriction).

If creatinine is greater than 50umol/L, initially encourage oral fluids (up to the 80% fluid restriction), then consider adjusting the frequency of diuretics to BD.

If blood sodium is low, reduce diuretics but DO NOT STOP. Increase the salt intake in the child's diet.

If chest drainage is prolonged beyond 10 days, consider bumetanide instead of frusemide.

Management of ACE Inhibitors: Aim SBP >80mmHg.

Commence enalapril as per the 'Ace Inhibitors in Paediatrics' guideline and Reference Viewer.

Target dose range 0.05mg/kg/dose to 0.25mg/kg/dose twice daily, but depending on the clinical situation the dose can be increased to 0.5mg/kg/dose.

(Recommended maximum daily dose of enalapril is 1mg/kg/day up to 40mg – Reference Viewer).

If the child was on an ACE inhibitor pre-op:

Commence the same ACE inhibitor at half the pre-operative dose and titrate up.

Anticoagulation management:

Prior to catheters or chest drain procedures, no changes to anticoagulation are required if $INR \le 2.5$. Do not withhold warfarin. If unsure discuss with the surgical team before adjusting the anticoagulation.